

CLAIMS

1. A near-field exposure method wherein a  
5 pressure difference is applied to between a front  
face and a rear face of an elastically deformable  
exposure mask to cause deformation of the exposure  
mask in accordance with a substrate to be exposed  
and to cause the exposure mask surface to follow a  
10 surface irregularity state of the substrate so  
that these surfaces are closely contacted to each  
other, for exposure based on near field light,  
characterized in that:

the pressure difference applied to  
15 between the front and rear faces of the exposure  
mask is set at a predetermined pressure difference  
corresponding to surface roughness of the  
substrate to be exposed.

20 2. A method according to Claim 1, wherein  
the predetermined pressure difference is set at a  
pressure difference larger than a minimum pressure  
P which is determined to satisfy equation (1)  
below, in relation to maximum surface roughness w  
25 at a measurement length a of the substrate to be  
exposed:

$$P = P_m + E \frac{16hw(4h^2 + (7-v)w^2)}{3a^4(1-v)}$$

... (1)

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wherein  $h$  is a thickness of a thin-film mask base material,  $E$  is a Young's modulus,  $v$  is a Poisson's ratio,  $P_m$  is a pressure difference for roughly contacting a first substrate and a second

10 substrate with each other.

3. A method according to Claim 2, wherein the predetermined pressure difference is set at a pressure difference larger than the minimum  
15 pressure  $P$  only when the surface roughness of the substrate to be exposed is greater than a reachable depth of the near field light.

4. A near-field exposure apparatus for  
20 performing an exposure on the basis of near field light, said apparatus comprising means for holding a thin film mask, a pressure container capable of applying a pressure to apply a pressure difference to between a front face and a rear face of the  
25 thin film mask, control means for controlling the pressure difference, a stage for holding a substrate to be exposed, and a light source,

characterized in that:

          said control means is operable to set  
the pressure difference at a predetermined  
pressure difference corresponding to surface  
5 roughness of the substrate to be exposed.

5. An apparatus according to Claim 4,  
wherein said control means is operable to set the  
predetermined pressure difference at a pressure  
10 difference larger than a minimum pressure  $P$  which  
is determined to satisfy equation (1) as recited  
in Claim 2, in relation to maximum surface  
roughness  $w$  at a measurement length  $a$  of the  
substrate to be exposed.

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6. An apparatus according to Claim 5,  
wherein the predetermined pressure difference can  
be set at a pressure difference larger than the  
minimum pressure  $P$  only when the surface roughness  
20 of the substrate to be exposed is greater than a  
reachable depth of the near field light.

7. An apparatus according to any one of  
Claims 4 - 6, further comprising measuring means  
25 for measuring surface roughness of the substrate  
to be exposed.

8. A near-field exposure mask to be used  
in an exposure process based on near filed light  
while a pressure difference is applied to between  
a front face and a rear face of an elastically  
5 deformable exposure mask to cause deformation in  
accordance with a substrate to be exposed and to  
cause the mask to follow a surface irregularity  
state of the substrate so that these surfaces are  
closely contacted to each other, wherein the  
10 exposure mask comprises a transparent thin-film  
mask base material and a light blocking film  
formed thereon, characterized in that:

the thin-film mask base material has a  
predetermined thickness determined on the basis of  
15 surface roughness of the substrate to be exposed  
and a pressure difference to be applied to between  
the front and rear faces of the mask during the  
exposure.

20 9. A near-field exposure mask according to  
Claim 8, wherein the predetermined thickness is  
set at a thickness smaller than a maximum film  
thickness determined to satisfy equations (2a)  
and(2b) below:

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$$w(a,h,\Delta P) = \frac{4h^2}{7-\nu} \frac{1}{[R(a,h,\Delta P)]^{1/3}} + \frac{[R(a,h,\Delta P)]^{1/3}}{3} \quad \dots (2a)$$

$$R(a,h,\Delta P) = \frac{1-\nu}{7-\nu} \frac{81a^4\Delta P}{32hE} + \sqrt{1728h^6 + \left( \frac{1-\nu}{7-\nu} \frac{81a^4\Delta P}{32hE} \right)^2} \quad \dots (2b)$$

wherein  $h$  is a thickness of a thin-film mask base material,  $E$  is a Young's modulus,  $\nu$  is a Poisson's ratio,  $\Delta P$  is an applied pressure to be applied after the rough contact, and  $w$  is surface roughness at a measurement length  $a$ .

10. A near-field exposure mask according to Claim 9, wherein the predetermined thickness is set at a thickness which is smaller than a smallest value of maximum thicknesses determined in accordance with equations (2a) and (2b) mentioned above with reference to those substrate portions, respectively, in which portions, among largest surface roughnesses at different measurement lengths with respect to the substrate to be exposed, the value of roughness is greater than a reachable distance of the near field light.

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11. A device manufacturing method, comprising:

a preparing step for preparing a substrate for device production;

an applying step for applying a photosensitive resist for exposure, to the  
5 substrate to thereby provide a substrate to be exposed;

an exposure wherein a pressure difference is applied to between a front face and a rear face of an elastically deformable exposure  
10 mask to cause deformation of the exposure mask relative to the substrate to be exposed and to cause the exposure mask surface to follow the surface irregularity state of the substrate to be exposed, so that these surfaces are closely  
15 contacted to each other for exposure based on near field light, and wherein the pressure difference to be applied to between the front and rear faces of the exposure mask for the exposure is set at a predetermined pressure difference corresponding to  
20 surface roughness of the substrate to be exposed;

a developing and etching step for performing development and etching to the substrate having been exposed; and

a process step for performing a  
25 predetermined process to the substrate in accordance with a device to be produced, whereby a device is produced.